

## Infinite Limits

By  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = \infty$  we mean a  $x$  approaches  $a$  from the right hand side in the domain

$f(x)$  increases without bound. By  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = -\infty$  we mean a  $x$  approaches  $a$  from the right hand side in the domain  $f(x)$  decreases without bound.

We have a similar interpretation for  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = \infty$  or  $-\infty$  only now we approach  $a$  from the left hand side.

Formally by  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = \infty$  we mean given any number  $M$  there exists a number  $\delta$  such that  $f(x) > M$  whenever  $a < x < a + \delta$ .

Similar interpretation for  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = \infty$  we mean given any number  $M$  there exists a number  $\delta$  such that  $f(x) > M$  whenever  $a - \delta < x < a$ .

Formally by  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = -\infty$  we mean given any number  $M$  there exists a number  $\delta$  such that  $f(x) < M$  whenever  $a < x < a + \delta$ .

Similar interpretation for  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = -\infty$  we mean given any number  $M$  there exists a number  $\delta$  such that  $f(x) < M$  whenever  $a - \delta < x < a$ .